## **Amendments to the Claims:**

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## **Listing of Claims:**

1. (Currently amended) A probe having the general structural formula (I)

5'-M-
$$(Z)_n$$
- $X_1$ - $X_2$ - ...  $X_m$ - $(Z)_n$ '-M'-3'

wherein  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$  ... and  $X_m$  are in each case an arbitrary nucleotide or nucleotide analog and in which the sequence  $X_1$ - $X_2$ - ...  $X_m$  is a probe sequence which is capable of binding to an analyte,

Z is a spacer, in each case independently, a pyrimidine nucleotide or pyrimidine nucleotide analog,

M and M' are <u>identical</u> fluorescent labeling groups, n and n' are, in each case independently, integers of from 1 to 15, and m is an integer corresponding to the length of the probe sequence, and wherein  $(Z)_n$  does not hybridize with  $(Z)_{n'}$ .

2. (Original) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that  $X_1, X_2 \dots$  and  $X_m$  are selected, in each case independently, from units having the general structural formula (II) or salts thereof:

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## wherein

B is a natural or unnatural nucleobase,

R is a radical which is selected from H, OH, halogen, -CN, -C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, -C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, -C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, -O-C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, -O-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkenyl, -O-C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkynyl, -S+C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl, -NH<sub>2</sub>, -NH(C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>-alkyl) and  $-N(C_1-C_6-alkyl)_2$ ,

- -X is, in each case independently, a radical which is selected from -O-, -S-, -NR'- and -CR'<sub>2</sub>-,
- -Y is, in each case independently, a radical which is selected from =O and =S, and
- -Y' is, in each case independently, a radical which is selected from -OR', SR', -(NR') $_2$  and -CH(R') $_2$ ,

where R' is, in each case independently, H or  $C_1$ - $C_3$ -alkyl.

- 3. (Previously presented) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that  $X_1, X_2 \dots$  and  $X_m$  are 2'-deoxynucleotides.
- 4. (Currently amended) The probe as claimed in claim 1,

characterized in that Z is selected from thymidine nucleotides or nucleotide analogs and/or cytidine nucleotides or nucleotide analogs.

- (Currently amended) A probe as claimed in claim 1,
  characterized in that at least one Z is a thymidine nucleotide or nucleotide analog.
- 6. (Previously presented) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that Z is in each case a thymidine 2'-deoxynucleotide.
- 7. (Currently amended) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that M and M' are selected, in each case independently, from RHODAMINES [[™]] RHODAMINE GREEN™ (5-(6)-carboxyrhodamine), TETRA-METHYLRHODAMINE™ (N,N,N',N'-tetramethyl-6-carboxy-rhodamine), OREGON GREEN™ (2',7'-difluorofluorescein), fluoresceins, oxazines, and cyanines, BODIPY™ and ALEXA™ dyes.
- 8. (Previously presented) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that M and M' are selected from green fluorescent labeling groups.
- 9. (Previously presented) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that M and M' are identical.

- 10. (Withdrawn) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that M and M' are different.
- 11. (Previously presented) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that n and n' are, in each case independently, integers of from 3 to 10.
- 12. (Previously presented) The probe as claimed in claim 1, characterized in that m is an integer of 10-90, preferably of 12-50.
- 13. (Withdrawn) The use of one or more probes as claimed in claim 1 in a method for detecting an analyte in a sample.
- 14. (Withdrawn) The use as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that the concentration in the sample of the analyte to be detected is  $\leq 10^{-9}$  M.
- 15. (Withdrawn) The use as claimed in claim 13,characterized in that the analyte is a nucleic acid.
- 16. (Withdrawn) The use as claimed in claim 15, characterized in that the nucleic acid to be detected is an RNA from a biological sample or an unamplified cDNA which is synthesized therefrom.

- 17. (Withdrawn) The use as claimed in claim 15, characterized in that the nucleic acid to be detected is an unamplified genomic DNA.
- 18. (Withdrawn) The use as claimed in claim 13 in fluorescence correlation spectroscopy (FCS).
- 19. (Withdrawn) The use as claimed in claim 13, characterized in that several probes in each case having a different sequence and different labeling groups are used for detecting a single analyte.
- 20. (Withdrawn) The use as claimed in claim 19, characterized in that the detection comprises a crosscorrelation determination.
- 21. (Withdrawn) A method for detecting an analyte in a sample, comprising bringing the sample into contact with one or more probes as claimed in claim 1 under conditions under which the one or more probes can bind to the analyte to be detected and then determining whether binding takes place or not.

- 22. (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 21, comprising the detection of a nucleic acid by means of hybridization.
- 23. (Withdrawn) The method as claimed in claim 22, characterized in that the nucleic acid to be detected is not amplified before being brought into contact.
- 24. (Withdrawn) The probe according to claim 1, wherein said nucleotide analog and said pyrimidine nucleotide analog are independently a PNA or LNA building block.
- 25. (Currently amended) A probe having the general structural formula (I)

5'-M-
$$(Z)_n$$
- $X_1$ - $X_2$ - ...  $X_m$ - $(Z)_n$ '-M'-3'

wherein  $X_1$ ,  $X_2$  ... and  $X_m$  are in each case an arbitrary nucleotide of nucleotide analog and in which the sequence  $X_1$ - $X_2$ - ...  $X_m$  is a probe sequence which is capable of binding to an analyte,

Z is a spacer, in each case independently, a pyrimidine nucleotide or pyrimidine nucleotide analog,

M and M' are identical fluorescent labeling groups,

n and n' are, in each case independently, integers of from 3-10, and m is an integer corresponding to the length of the probe sequence, and wherein  $(Z)_n$  does not hybridize with  $(Z)_{n'}$ .